

Supporting Information

Figure S1. a) PSI-BLAST result for rT-M386 and G210C lipase and b) multiple sequence alignment of target and template, 2HHH. (<https://blast.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov>)

a)

Description	Max score	Total score	Query cover	E value	Ident	Accession
Chain A, Crystal Structure Of Staphylococcus Hylcus Lipase	390	390	98%	5e-134	51%	2HHH_A
Chain A, Crystal Structure Of Lipase From Geobacillus Stearothermophilus T6 Methanol Stable Variant H86y/a269t	228	228	94%	3e-71	36%	4X7B_A
Chain A, Crystal Structure Of Lipase From Geobacillus Stearothermophilus T6 Methanol Stable Variant H86y/a269t/374w	228	228	94%	5e-71	36%	4X85_A
Chain A, Structure Of Lipase 1 From Pelosinus Fermentans	219	219	94%	6e-68	39%	5AH0_A
Chain A, Structure Of Esta From Clostridium Botulinum	218	218	89%	2e-66	38%	5AH1_A
Chain A, Crystal Structure Of A Lipase From Geobacillus Sp. Sbs-4s	206	206	95%	2e-62	35%	3AUK_A
Chain A, Crystal Structure Of T1 Lipase	205	205	94%	3e-62	35%	2DSN_A
Chain A, An Organic Solvent Tolerant Lipase 42	205	205	94%	3e-62	35%	4FKB_A
Chain A, Crystallization And 3d Structure Elucidation Of Thermostable L2 Lipase From Thermophilic Locally Isolated Bacillus Sp. L2	205	205	94%	3e-62	35%	4FDM_A
Chain A, Crystal Structure Of D311e Lipase	204	204	94%	4e-62	35%	3UMJ_A

b)

Score	Expect	Method	Identities	Positives	Gaps
396 bits(927)	7e-113	Compositional matrix adjust.	196/383(51%)	223/383(58%)	7/383(1%)
Query 6	KNQYPVVFVHGFVGLVGEDSF	SMYPNYWGGTKYNVKQELTKLGYRVHEANVGAFSSNYDR	65		
Sbjct 50	KN P VFVHGF G VGE	NYWGGTK N L K GY EA V A SN +R	108		
Query 66	AVELYYYIKGGRVDYGAHAAKYGHKRYGRTYEGIMPDWEPGKKIHLVGHSMGGQTIRLM	125			
Sbjct 109	AVELYYYLKGGRVDYGAHAAHSEKYGHERYGKTYEGVLKDWKPGHPVHFIGHSMGGQTIRLL	168			
Query 126	EHFLRNGNQEEIDYQROYGGTVSDLFKGGQDNMVSTITTLGTPHNGTPAADKLGSTKFIK	185			
Sbjct 169	EH+LR G+ EI YQ Q GG +S+LFKGGQDNMV ITT TPHNGT A D G T I	228			
Query 186	DTINRIGKIGGKALDLELGFSGWGFQKQPNESYAEYAKRIANSKVVWETEDQAVNDLTTA	245			
Sbjct 229	+ + G +WGFK K ES +Y KRIA SK+W+ ED DLT	287			
Query 246	GAELNQMTTLNPNIVYTSYTGAATHGTLGNEVPNI-RQFPLFDLTSRAIGGDDNKNVR	304			
Sbjct 288	GAELNQ T LNPNI Y YTG ATH LG + + +F LT IG D+ R	346			
Query 305	VNDGIVPVSSSLHPSDEAFKKVGM-MNLATDKGIWQVRPVQYDWDHLDLVGLDITDYKRT	363			
Sbjct 347	NDG V SS HPSDE K + N KG WQV P WDH D +G D D K	404			
Query 364	GEELGQFYKSMINMLKVEELD	386			
Sbjct 405	EL FY S + ++ +E +	427			

Figure S2. Ramachandran plot of a) rT-M386 b) G210C predicted models. Color are represented as follows; most favored region (red), additional allowed region (brown), generously allowed region (yellow) and disallowed region (white).

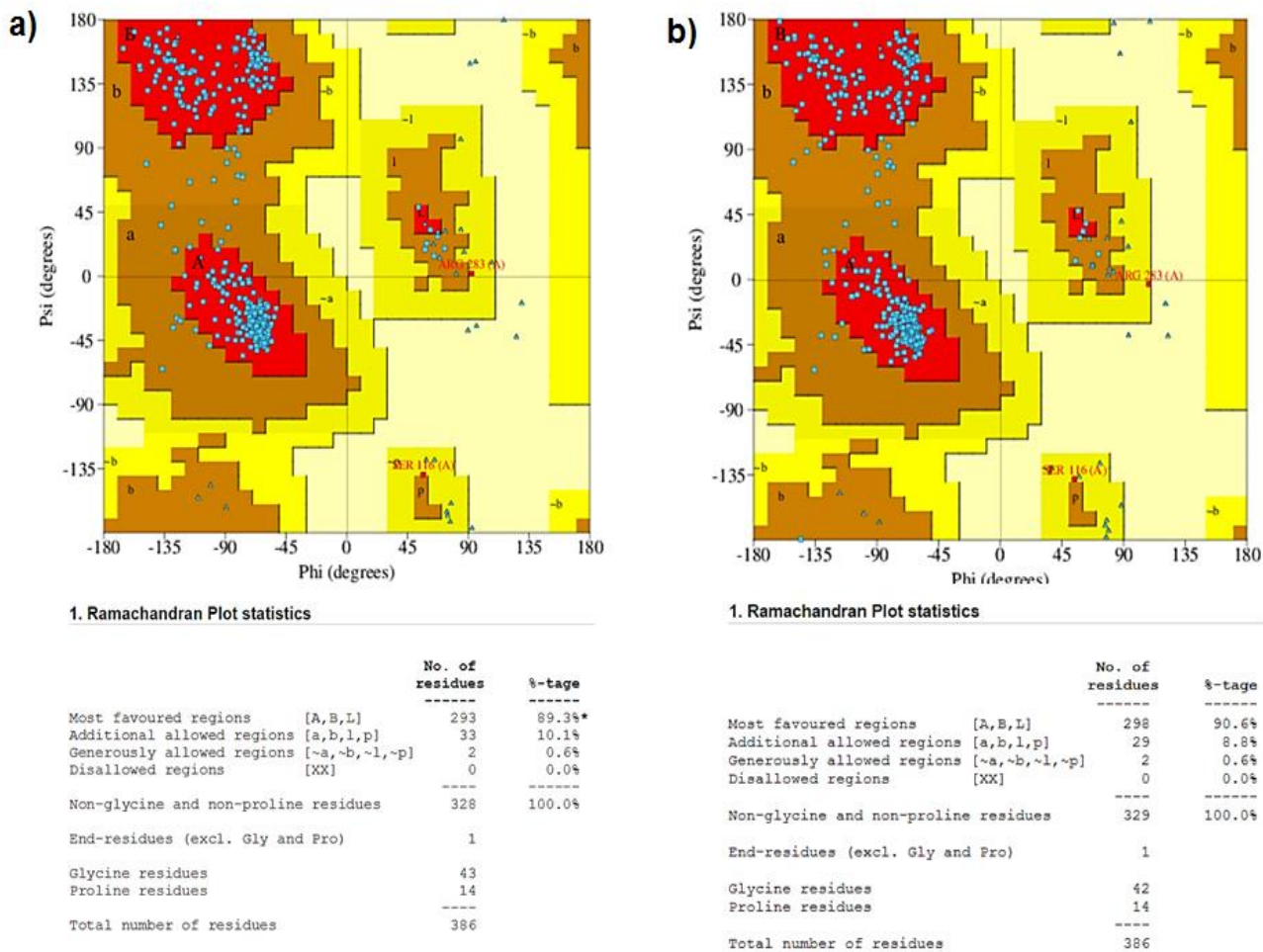


Figure S3. Calcium binding site of a) rT-M386 b) G210C and Zinc binding site of c) rT-M386 d) G210C. The distances (Å) between each interaction are as indicated in the diagram. Figures are generated using the PDBsum (<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/pdbsum>).

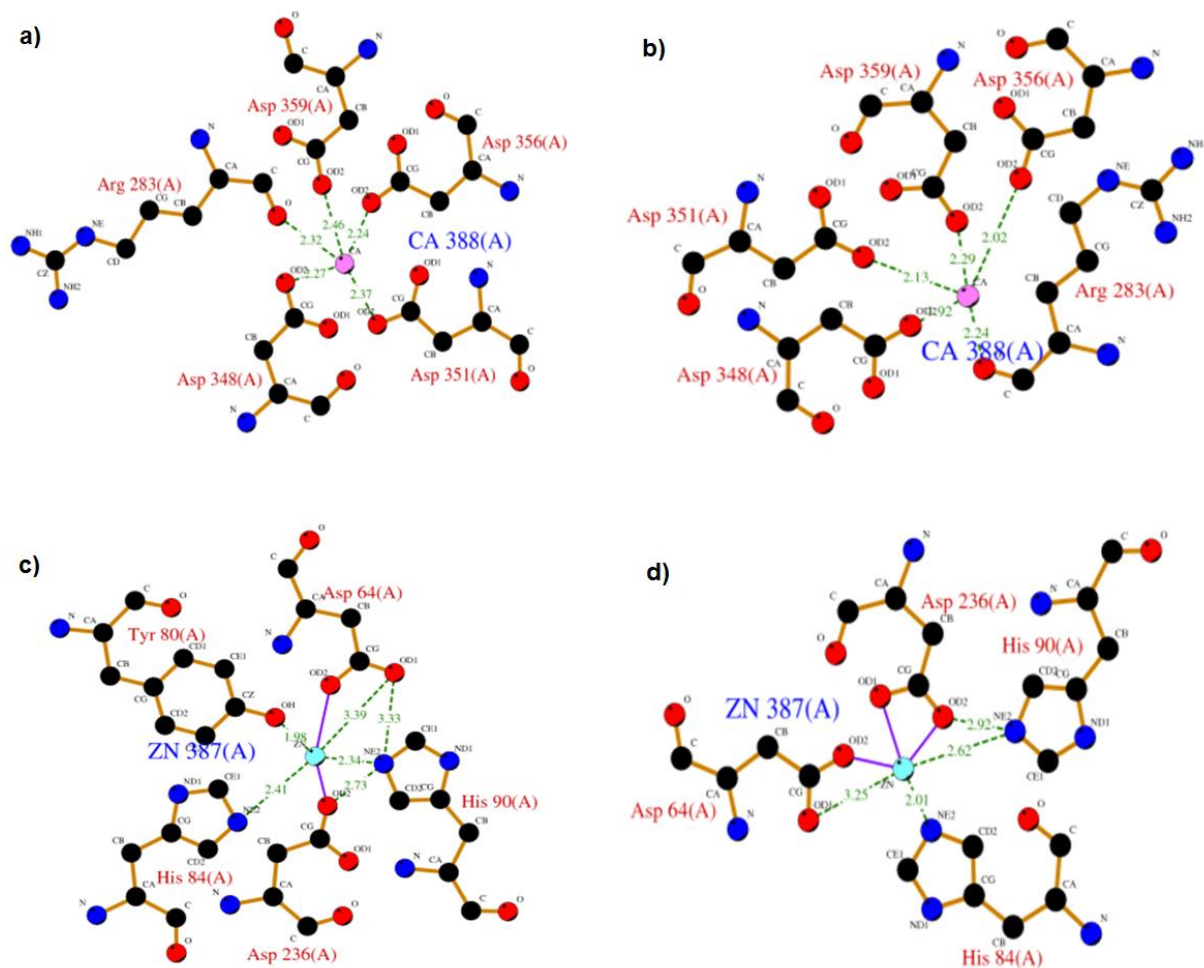


Figure S4. NetSurfP results for a) rT-M386 and b) G210C. Residue 210 is highlighted in grey and the RSA value is shown in the box. Results are generated using NetSurfP-2.0 (<http://www.cbs.dtu.dk/services/NetSurfP/>)

