Supplementary data

Synthesis and evaluation of novel benzofuran derivatives as selective SIRT2 inhibitors

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1. Synthesis of all intermediate compounds

1.1. General procedure for condensation to generate imine (2a-b):

A stirred solution of compound 2-Hydroxy-4-substitutephenylethanone, ethoxycarbonylhydrazine(1.1 equivalents) and concentrated HCl (0.08 equivalents) in ethanol was boiled for 2 h(monitoring by TLC following the consumption of the initial compound) and left at RT overnight .The separated precipitate was filtered off, washed with ethanol, and dried in air.

1.1.1. 2-Hydroxy-4-methoxyacetophenone ethoxycarbonylhydrazone (**2a**): Intermediate 2**a** was synthesized by following above mentioned procedure for compound 1-(2-hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)ethanone (2.50g, 15.06 mmol) with ethoxycarbonylhydrazine (1.73g, 16.64 mmol) using concentrated HCl (0.10 mL, 1.20 mmol) to afford the pure product as white crystals (3.66 g, 96 %); mp 174-175 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ (ppm): 13.17 (s, 1H), 10.61 (s, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.47 – 6.40 (m, 2H), 4.20 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). HRMS (ESI) Calcd. for C₁₂H₁₇O₄N₂ [M+H]⁺: 253.1183; Found: 253.1182.

1.1.2. 2-Hydroxy-4-fluoroacetophenone ethoxycarbonylhydrazone (**2b**): Intermediate 2**b** was synthesized by following above mentioned procedure for compound 1-(2-hydroxy-4-fluorophenyl)ethanone (5.00 g, 32.47 mmol) with ethoxycarbonylhydrazine (3.71 g, 35.71 mmol) using concentrated HCl (0.15 mL, 1.80 mmol) to afford the pure product as white crystals (7.39 g, 95 %); mp 175-177 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.39 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 6.69 (dd, J = 10.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (td, J = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (q, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.38 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H).

1.2. General procedure for cyclization to generate 1,2,3-thiadiazole (3a-b):

To a solution of compound (2) in the mixture of chloroform and DMF(5:1) was dropwise added thionyl chloride(3.2 equivalents). The reaction gradually started to release of heat. reaction mixture became clear.when the reaction was judged to be complete (monitoring by TLC following the consumption of the initial compound).On cooling to $20 \,^{\circ}$ the reaction mixture was diluted with 100 mL of ice water. The organic layer was separated, the aqueous solution was extracted with dichloromethane,the organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate,filter and concentrated under reduced pressure, the resulting residue was purified by column chromatograph on silica gel using petroleum ether and ethyl acetate solvent system as eluent to get the pure product.

1.2.1. 4-(2-Hydroxy-4-methoxyphenyl)-1,2,3-thiadiazole(**3a**): Intermediate **3a** was synthesized by following above mentioned procedure for intermediate **2a** (4.4g, 17.46 mmol) and thionyl chloride (4.1 mL, 56.16 mmol) to afford the pure product as white crystals (3.33 g, 92 %); mp 113–132 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 8.63 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 6.66 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, *J* = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H); HRMS (ESI) Calcd. for C₉H₉O₂N₂S [M+H]⁺: 209.0379; Found: 209.0379.

1.2.2. 4-(2-Hydroxy-4-fluorophenyl)-1,2,3-thiadiazole (**3b**): Intermediate **3b** was synthesized by carrying out above reaction for the intermediate **2b** (5.2 g, 21.67 mmol) and thionyl chloride (4.8 mL, 66.07 mmol) to afford the pure product as white crystals (4.16 g, 98 %); mp 171–172 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 10.86(br s, 1H), 8.73 (s, 1H), 7.61 (dd, J = 8.8, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 10.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.75 – 6.71 (m, 1H).

1.3. General procedure for S-Alkylation to generate thioethers (5a-j):

The thiadiazole(3) (1 equiv) and anhydrous potassium carbonate (2 equiv) were dissolved in freshly distilled DMF. The reaction mixture was heated at 100 \C and ground for 10 min at stirring (monitoring by TLC following the consumption of the initial compound and by the end of nitrogen liberation). On cooling to 30 \C compound 4-substitute benzyl chloride(1.05 equiv) was added to the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at 30 \C , then it was poured into 100 mL of water. the aqueous solution was extracted with dichloromethane(4 times), the organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate, filter and concentrated under reduced pressure, the resulting residue was purified by column chromatograph on silica gel using petroleum ether and ethyl acetate solvent system as eluent to get the pure product (**5a-f**).

1.3.1. 6-methoxy-2-((4-methoxybenzyl)thio)benzo[*b*]furan (**5a**): Intermediate **5a** was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate **3a** (0.624g, 3.0 mmol) ,anhydrous potassium carbonate(0.828g, 6.0 mmol) ,and 4-methoxybenzyl chloride (0.491g, 3.15 mmol) to obtain the product as white crystals (0.827g, 92 %); mp 91-92 °C; ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.32 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, J = 8.4, 2H), 6.99 (s, 1H), 6.84 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.8, 2H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 4.06 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H).

1.3.2. 6-methoxy-2-((4-cyanobenzyl)thio)benzo[b]furan (5b): Intermediate 5b was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate 3a (0.728 g, 3.5 mmol) ,anhydrous potassium carbonate(0.97 g, 7.0 mmol) ,and 4-cyanobenzyl bromide (0.686 g, 3.5

mmol) to obtain the product as white crystals (0.993 g, 96%); mp 54-55 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.85 (dd, J = 8.8, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

1.3.3. 6-methoxy-2-((4-bromobenzyl)thio)benzo[**b**]furan (**5c**): Intermediate **5c** was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate **3a** (0.728 g, 3.5 mmol) ,anhydrous potassium carbonate(0.96 g, 6.96 mmol) ,and 4-bromobenzyl bromide (0.88 g, 3.5 mmol) to obtain the product as white crystals (1.145 g, 94%); mp 49-50 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.37 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.85 (dd, $J_1 = 8.4$, $J_2 = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 0.8, 1H), 4.02 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

1.3.4. 6-methoxy-2-((4-fluorobenzyl)thio)benzo[*b*]furan (5d): Intermediate 5d was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate 3a (0.624 g, 3.0 mmol), anhydrous potassium carbonate(0.828 g, 6.0 mmol), and 4-fluorobenzyl bromide (0.595 g, 3.15 mmol) to obtain the product as colourless oil (0.812 g, 94%); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.12 (m, 2H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.93 (t, *J* = 8.4, 2H), 6.84 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.8, *J*₁ = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 4.05 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

1.3.5. 6-methoxy-2-((4-methoxycarbonylbenzyl)thio)benzo[*b*]furan (5e): Intermediate 5e was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate 3a (0.728 g, 3.5 mmol),anhydrous potassium carbonate(0.97 g, 7.0 mmol),and Methyl 4- (bromomethyl)benzoate (0.801 g, 3.5 mmol) to obtain the product as light white solid (1.099 g, 95%); mp 77-78 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (s, 1H), 4.10 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.85 (s, 3H).

1.3.6. 6-fluoro-2-((4-methoxybenzyl)thio)benzo[*b*]furan (**5f**): Intermediate **5f** was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate **3b** (0.882 g, 4.5 mmol),anhydrous potassium carbonate(1.24 g, 9.0 mmol),and 4-methoxybenzyl bromide (0.737 g, 4.72 mmol) to obtain the product as Light-yellow crystals (1.199 g, 93%); mp 78-79 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.37 (dd, J = 8.8, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.8, 2H), 7.00 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.82 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H).

1.3.7. 6-fluoro-2-((4-cyanobenzyl)thio)benzo[*b*]furan (5g): Intermediate 5g was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate 3b (0.882 g, 4.5 mmol),anhydrous potassium carbonate(1.24 g, 9.0 mmol),and 4-cyanobenzyl bromide (0.926 g, 4.73 mmol) to obtain the product as white crystals (1.199 g, 94%); mp 85-86 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.40 – 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.17 (dd, $J_1 = 8.8$, $J_2 = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.42H), 7.01 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (s, 2H).

1.3.8. 6-fluoro-2-((4-bromobenzyl)thio)benzo[*b*]furan (**5h**): Intermediate **5h** was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate **3b** (0.882 g, 4.5 mmol),anhydrous potassium carbonate(1.24 g, 9.0 mmol),and 4-bromobenzyl bromide (1.181 g, 4.73 mmol) to obtain the product as white crystals (1.423 g, 94%); mp 100-101.5 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.0, 2H), 7.39 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.8, *J*₂ = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 2H), 7.16 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.02 – 6.96 (m, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.12 (s, 2H).

1.3.9. 6-fluoro-2-((4-fluorobenzyl)thio)benzo[**b**]furan (**5i**): Intermediate **5i** was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate **3b** (0.882 g, 4.5 mmol),anhydrous potassium carbonate(1.24 g, 9.0 mmol),and 4-fluorobenzyl bromide (0.893 g, 4.73 mmol) to obtain the product as white crystals (1.151 g, 93%); mp 55.5-57 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.35 (dd, $J_1 = 8.4$, $J_2 = 5.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.17 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 7.00 – 6.88 (m, 3H), 6.61 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H).

1.3.10. 6-fluoro-2-((4-methoxycarbonylbenzyl)thio)benzo[*b*]furan (5j): Intermediate 5j was synthesized by following above procedure for the intermediate 3b (0.882 g, 4.5 mmol),anhydrous potassium carbonate(1.24 g, 9.0 mmol),and Methyl 4- (bromomethyl)benzoate (1.082 g, 4.73 mmol) to obtain the product as white crystals (1.388 g, 97%); mp 91.5-93 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm): 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.0, 2H), 7.37 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.4, *J*₂ = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.16 (dd, *J*₁ = 8.8, *J*₂ = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H).

2. Representative NMR spectra



Figure S2. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6a.



7.558 7.472 7.472 7.450 7.259 7.259 7.019 6.964 6.942 Figure S4. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6b.



- 1.469 - 1.468 - 1.4488 - 1.4488 - 1.4488 - 1.4488 - 1.4488 - 1.4488 - 1.4488 - 1.4488 - 1 $\sum_{n=1}^{4.506} \frac{4.506}{4.475}$

Figure S6. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6d



Figure S7. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6d.





Figure S8. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6e.



Figure S10. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6f.



Figure S11. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6f.





Figure S12. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6g.



Figure S13. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6g.



Figure S14. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6h.



Figure S15. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6h.



Figure S16. ¹H NMR spectrum of 6i.



Figure S17. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 6i.

929 929 5529 5529 5529 5529 3327 1117 1117 0094 0088 0066 0066	584 553 457 889 889	. 001
		P
	$\searrow \sim$ 1	







Figure S20. ¹H NMR spectrum of 7a.



Figure S21. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7a.



Figure S22. ¹H NMR spectrum of 7b.



Figure S23. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7b.



Figure S24. ¹H NMR spectrum of 7c.



7, 515 7, 494 7, 262 7, 262 7, 169 7, 0.000

— 4. 481 — 3. 892

Figure S26. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7d.

80 70 60 50

40 30

-10

10

210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 ft (ppm)

240 230 220





Figure S28. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7e.





Figure S29. ¹H NMR spectrum of 7f.





Figure S30. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7f.



Figure S32. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7g.

70 60

50 40

10 0 -10

30 20

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Figure S34. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7h.



 $\begin{array}{c} 7, 629\\ 7, 616\\ 7, 616\\ 7, 594\\ 7, 310\\ 7, 310\\ 7, 289\\ 7, 289\\ 7, 289\\ 7, 289\\ 7, 289\\ 7, 289\\ 7, 261\\ 7, 261\\ 7, 261\\ 7, 138\\$

- 4. 503

- 0. 000

Figure S36. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7i.









Figure S38. ¹³C NMR spectrum of 7j.