## Asymmetric Synthesis and Absolute Configuration Assignment of a New Type of Bedaquiline Analogue

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Figure S1. HPLC spectrum of 9a, Chiralpak IC ( $250 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}, 5 \mu$ ), IPA/hexane $=$ $30 \%: 70 \%$, flow $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL}, \mathrm{~T}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \lambda=225 \mathrm{~nm}$.


Figure S2. HPLC spectrum of $\mathbf{9 b}$, Chiralpak IC ( $250 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}, 5 \mu$ ), IPA/hexane $=$ $30 \%: 70 \%$, flow $=1.0 \mathrm{~mL}, \mathrm{~T}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \lambda=225 \mathrm{~nm}$.


Figure S3. HPLC spectrum of TM-05-a, Astec ${ }^{\circledR}$ CYCLOBOND ${ }^{\circledR}$ I 2000 RSP ( $250 \mathrm{~mm} \times 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}$, $5 \mu$ ), MeOH:( $50 \mu \mathrm{M} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COONH}_{4}$ aqueous solution $)=80 \%: 20 \%$, flow $=0.8 \mathrm{~mL}, \mathrm{~T}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $\lambda=225 \mathrm{~nm}$.


Figure S4. HPLC spectrum of TM-05-c, Astec ${ }^{\circledR}$ CYCLOBOND ${ }^{\circledR}$ I 2000 RSP ( $250 \times 4.6 \mathrm{~mm}$, $5 \mu)$, $\mathrm{MeOH}:\left(50 \mu \mathrm{M} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COONH}_{4}\right.$ aqueous solution $)=80 \%: 20 \%$, flow $=0.8 \mathrm{~mL}, \mathrm{~T}=20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $\lambda=225 \mathrm{~nm}$.


Figure S5. 2D NOESY spectrum of TM-05-c in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$.


Figure S6. 2D ROESY spectrum of TM-05-d in $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$


QCJ-AC1 (91.037\%)


QCJ-AC5 (0.034\%)


QCJ-AC2 (7.303\%)


QCJ-AC6 (0.026\%)


QCJ-AC7 (0.004\%)


QCJ-AC4 (0.053\%)


QCJ-AC8 (0.002\%)

Figure S7. Computer searched eight conformers of $(1 R, 2 S)$ isomer of TM-05.




QCJ-CC1 (85.203\%)
QCJ-CC2 (13.722\%)
QCJ-CC3 (0.992\%)
QCJ-CC4 (0.071\%)
QCJ-CC5 (0.007\%) QCJ-CC6 (0.005\%)

Figure S8. Computer searched six conformers of $(1 R, 2 R)$ isomer of TM-05.


Figure S9. The overlay results between crystal structure of bedaquiline from PDB database (ID: 4V1F) and optimized conformer of ( $1 R, 2 S$ ) isomer of TM-05. Fast overlay was performed on Chem3D Ultra 10.0 and the optimized conformer of $(1 R, 2 S)$ isomer used was QCJ-AC1 from the calculated result in Figure S7.

(a)

(b)

Figure S10. Crystal structures of the two stereoisomers of compound 10. (a) An ORTEP plot of $(2 R, 3 R)$ stereoisomer of compound 10; (b) An ORTEP plot of $(2 S, 3 S)$ stereoisomer of compound 10 .

