

Supplementary Materials: Disruption of pH Dynamics Suppresses Proliferation and Potentiates Doxorubicin Cytotoxicity in Breast Cancer Cells

Diana Tavares-Valente, Bárbara Sousa, Fernando Schmitt, Fátima Baltazar and Odília Queirós

Publisher's Note: MDPI stays neutral with regard to jurisdictional claims in published maps and institutional affiliations.



Copyright: © 2021 by the authors. Submitted for possible open access publication under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution (CC BY) license (<http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>).

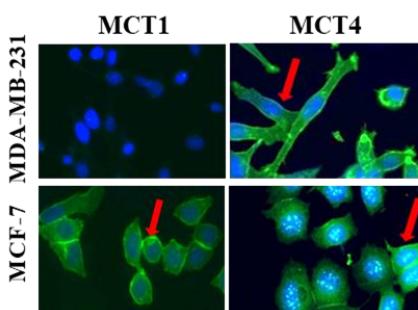
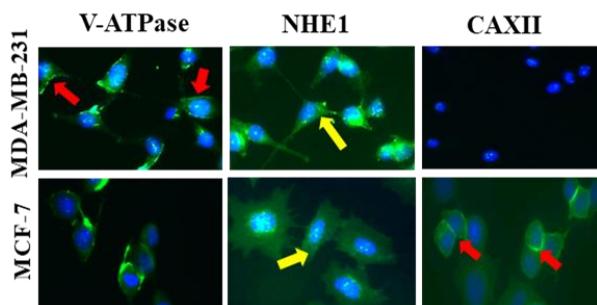


Figure S1. Cellular localization of the different pH regulators determined by immunofluorescence. The red arrows highlight PM expression and the yellow arrows cytoplasmic expression. Blue area corresponds to nuclei stained with DAPI. Images are in 100x magnification.

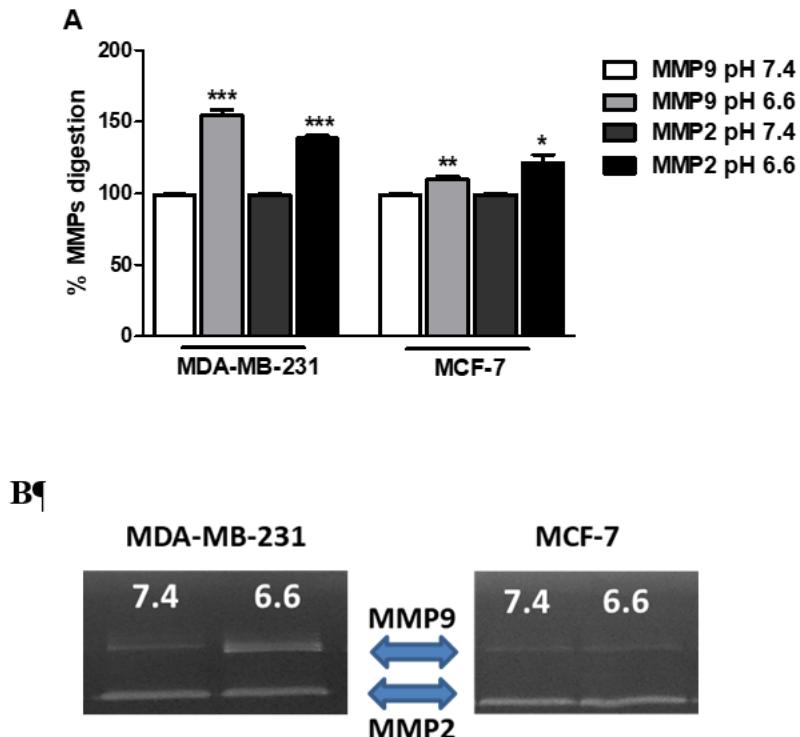


Figure S2. Effect of extracellular pH on MMP activity assay in breast cancer cell lines. (A) MMP9 and MMP2 activity in culture medium samples from breast cancer cells at different extracellular pH values, evaluated by zymography. (B) Representative pictures of gel digestion at different extracellular pH values. Results are expressed as mean \pm SD of triplicates from three independent experiments. Significantly different between groups: * $P < 0.05$; ** $P < 0.01$ compared to control (pH 7.4). ns: non significant.

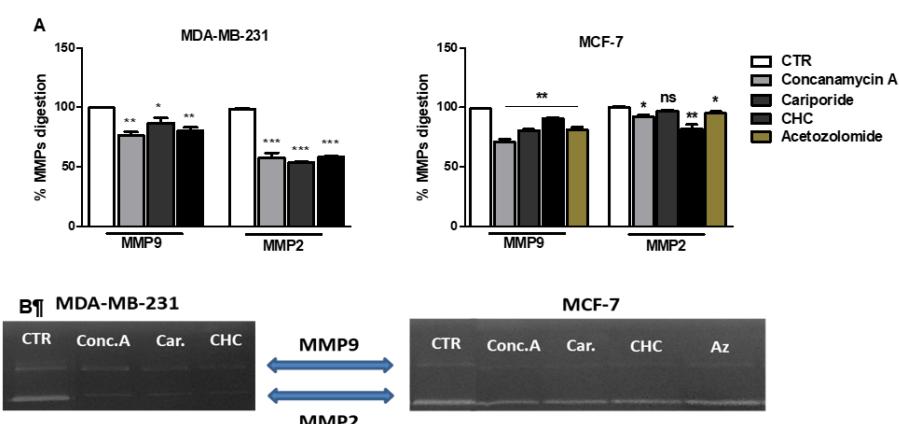


Figure S3. Effect of pH regulator inhibition on MMP activity assay in breast cancer cell lines. (A) MMP9 and MMP2 activity in culture medium samples from breast cancer cells in the presence of PRI, evaluated by zymography. (B) Representative pictures of gel digestion in the presence of PRI. Results are expressed as mean \pm SD of triplicates from three independent experiments. Significantly different between groups: * $P < 0.05$; ** $P < 0.01$; *** $P < 0.001$ compared to untreated cells (control).

Table S1. Clinical, pathological and immunohistochemical characteristics of the 473 primary invasive breast carcinomas. Characterization of the breast cancer series concerning age of the patients, tumor size, lymph-node metastasis, histological grade, molecular subtypes, ER, PgR, HER2 and Ki67 status, as well as expression of HIF-1 α , GLUT1, CAIX, MCT1, MCT4 and CD147.

		Mean	56.12	25
		Min	27	26
	Age (years)	Max	89	27
		Missing	2	28
	Tumor size (mm)	Mean	31.6	29
		Min	5	
		Max	150	
		Missing	243	
		Frequency (n)	Percentage (%)	
Lymph-node metastasis	Positive	204	51	
	Negative	196	49	
	Total	400	100	
	Missing	73	-	
Histological grade	I	155	33.2	
	II	200	42.8	
	III	112	24	
	Total	467	100	
	Missing	6	-	
Molecular subtypes	Luminal A	262	57.3	
	Luminal B	14	3.1	
	HER2 OE	56	12.3	
	Basal	83	18.2	
	Unclassified	42	9.2	
	Total	457	100	
	Missing	16	-	
ER	Positive	275	58.4	
	Negative	196	41.6	
	Total	471	100	
	Missing	2	-	
PgR	Positive	177	37.9	
	Negative	290	62.1	
	Total	467	100	
	Missing	6	-	
HER2	Positive	69	14.9	
	Negative	393	85.1	
	Total	462	100	
	Missing	11	-	
Ki67	>20	98	39.5	
	<20	150	60.5	
	Total	248	100	
	Missing	225	-	
HIF-1α	Positive	104	33	
	Negative	211	67.0	
	Total	315	100	
	Missing	158	-	
GLUT1	Positive	140	42.8	
	Negative	187	57.2	
	Total	327	100	
	Missing	146	-	

Biomarkers	CAIX	Positive	66	20.9
		Negative	250	79.1
		Total	316	100
		Missing	157	-
	MCT1	Positive	106	26
		Negative	301	74
		Total	407	100
		Missing	66	-
	MCT4	Positive	69	16.5
		Negative	350	83.5
		Total	419	100
		Missing	54	-
	CD147	Positive	24	11.1
		Negative	193	88.9
		Total	217	100
		Missing	256	-

Table S2. Association of V-ATPase and CAXII with molecular characteristics and molecular subtypes in breast carcinoma samples.

Molecular Characteristics	V-ATPase			P	CAXII			P
	Negative (%)	Positive (%)	Total		Negative (%)	Positive (%)	Total	
	ER							
ER	Negative	47 (52.8)	8 (22.2)	55 (44.0)	20 (34.5)	26 (43.3)	46 (39.0)	.380
	Positive	42 (47.2)	28 (77.8)	70 (56.0)	38 (65.5)	34 (56.7)	72 (61.0)	
	Total	<u>89 (71.2)</u>	<u>36 (28.8)</u>	<u>125 (100)</u>	<u>58 (49.0)</u>	<u>60 (51.0)</u>	<u>118 (100)</u>	
PgR	Negative	61 (70.9)	16 (44.4)	77 (63.1)	33 (58.9)	37 (62.7)	70 (60.9)	.010
	Positive	25 (29.1)	20 (55.6)	45 (36.9)	23 (41.1)	22 (37.3)	45 (39.1)	
	Total	<u>86 (70.5)</u>	<u>36 (29.5)</u>	<u>122 (100)</u>	<u>56 (48.7)</u>	<u>59 (51.3)</u>	<u>115 (100)</u>	
HER2	Negative	62 (71.3)	33 (94.3)	95 (77.9)	38 (65.5)	48 (82.8)	91 (60.9)	.380
	Positive	25 (2.7)	2 (5.7)	27 (22.1)	20 (41.1)	10 (17.2)	25 (21.6)	
	Total	<u>87 (71.3)</u>	<u>35 (28.7)</u>	<u>122 (100)</u>	<u>58 (50.0)</u>	<u>58 (50.0)</u>	<u>116 (100)</u>	
Ki67	ER			.080				.040
	<10	52 (59.8)	16 (45.7)	68 (55.7)	28 (48.3)	37 (64.9)	65 (56.5)	.380
	10-20	8 (9.2)	1 (2.9)	9 (7.4)	8 (13.8)	3 (5.3)	11 (9.6)	
	>20	27 (31.0)	18 (51.4)	45 (36.9)	22 (37.9)	17 (29.8)	39 (33.9)	
LN invasion	Total	<u>87 (71.3)</u>	<u>35 (28.7)</u>	<u>122 (100)</u>	<u>58 (50.4)</u>	<u>57 (49.6)</u>	<u>115 (100)</u>	
	No	38 (46.9)	13 (52.0)	51 (48.1)	17 (34.7)	29 (61.7)	46 (47.9)	.010
	Yes	43 (53.1)	12 (48.0)	55 (51.9)	32 (65.3)	18 (38.3)	50 (52.1)	
Molecular Subtypes	Total	<u>81 (76.4)</u>	<u>25 (23.6)</u>	<u>106 (100)</u>	<u>49 (51.0)</u>	<u>47 (49.0)</u>	<u>96 (100)</u>	
	Luminal A	37 (42.5)	27 (77.1)	64 (52.5)	31 (54.4)	32 (55.2)	63 (54.8)	.010
	Luminal B	4 (4.6)	0 (0.0)	4 (3.3)	6 (10.5)	1 (1.7)	7 (6.1)	
HER2	ER							
	overexpressin	21 (24.1)	2 (5.7)	23 (18.9)	9 (15.8)	9 (15.5)	18 (15.7)	.010
	Basal	14 (16.1)	5 (14.3)	19 (15.6)	6 (10.5)	11 (19.0)	17 (14.8)	
	Unclassified	11 (12.6)	1 (2.9)	12 (9.8)	5 (8.8)	5 (8.6)	10 (8.7)	
Total	<u>87 (71.3)</u>	<u>35 (28.7)</u>	<u>122 (100)</u>	<u>57 (49.6)</u>	<u>58 (50.4)</u>	<u>115 (100)</u>		

*It was considered only the plasma membrane expression of both pH regulators.

Table S3. Association of V-ATPase and CAXII with biomarkers in breast carcinoma samples.

38

Biomarkers	V-ATPase			P	CAXII			P
	Negative (%)	Positive (%)	Total		Negative (%)	Positive (%)	Total	
	HIF1							
Negative	23 (36.5)	9 (32.1)	32 (35.2)		17 (37.8)	10 (28.6)	27 (33.8)	.362
Positive	40 (63.5)	19 (67.9)	59 (64.8)		28 (62.2)	25 (71.4)	53 (66.3)	
Total	63 (69.2)	28 (30.8)	91 (100)		45 (56.3)	35 (43.7)	80 (100)	
GLUT1				.070				.264
Negative	16 (61.5)	4 (30.8)	20 (51.3)		12 (66.7)	4 (30.8)	16 (51.6)	
Positive	10 (38.5)	9 (69.2)	19 (48.7)		6 (33.3)	9 (69.2)	15 (48.4)	
Total	26 (66.7)	13 (33.3)	39 (100)		18 (58.0)	13 (42.0)	31 (100)	
CAIX				.363				.213
Negative	19 (73.1)	7 (58.3)	26 (68.4)		15 (78.9)	7 (58.3)	22 (71.0)	
Positive	7 (26.9)	5 (41.7)	12 (31.6)		4 (21.1)	5 (41.7)	9 (29.0)	
Total	26 (68.4)	12 (31.6)	38 (100)		19 (61.3)	12 (38.7)	31 (100)	
CD147				.342				.301
Negative	78 (91.8)	31 (86.1)	109 (90.1)		52 (96.3)	53 (91.4)	105 (93.8)	
Positive	7 (8.2)	5 (13.9)	12 (9.9)		2 (3.7)	5 (8.6)	7 (6.3)	
Total	85 (70.2)	36 (29.8)	121 (100)		54 (48.2)	58 (51.8)	112 (100)	
V-ATPase				-				.030
Negative	-	-	-		41 (83.7)	30 (63.8)	71 (74.0)	
Positive	-	-	-		8 (16.3)	17 (36.2)	25 (26.0)	
Total	-	-	-		49 (51.0)	47 (49.0)	96 (100)	

*It was considered only the plasma membrane expression of both pH regulators.

39

Table S4. pHe values of culture media measured after 48 hours after PRI IC₅₀ treatment. The ΔpH corresponds to the difference between the pHe after treatment and the pHe without treatment, after the respective time of incubation. Results represent the mean + SD of at least three independent experiments.

	W/o compound	Conc.A	Cariporide	AZ	CHC	ΔpH
MDA-MB-231	5.4 ± 0.7	6.2 ± 0.2	6.5 ± 0.2	-	6.4 ± 0.6	Conc. A: 0.9 Cariporide: 1.1 CHC: 1.0
MCF-7	5.8 ± 0.2	6.2 ± 0.9	6.4 ± 0.2	6.6 ± 0.8	6.0 ± 0.2	Conc. A: 0.4 Cariporide: 0.6 AZ: 0.8 CHC: 0.2

40

41

42

43

44