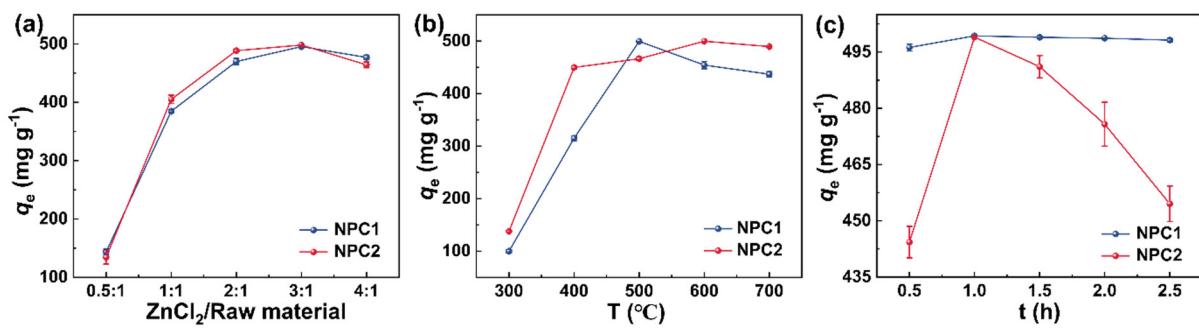


# Supplementary Materials

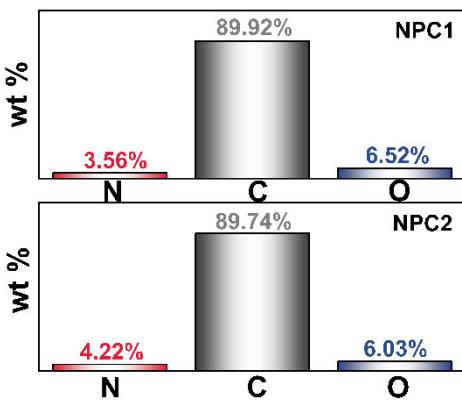
## *Zanthoxylum bungeanum* Waste-Derived High-Nitrogen Self-Doped Porous Carbons as Efficient Adsorbents for Methylene Blue

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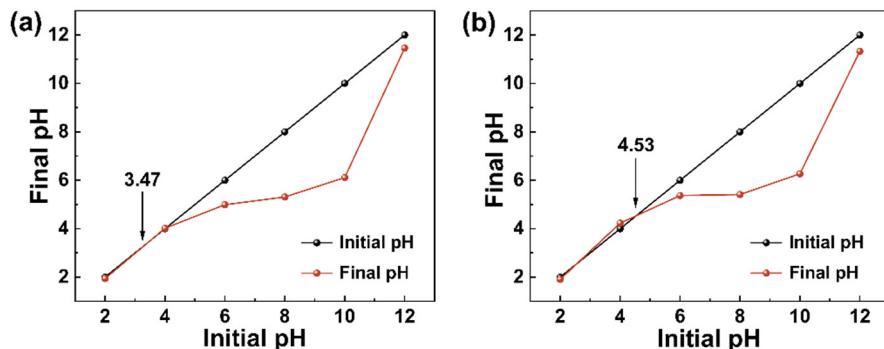
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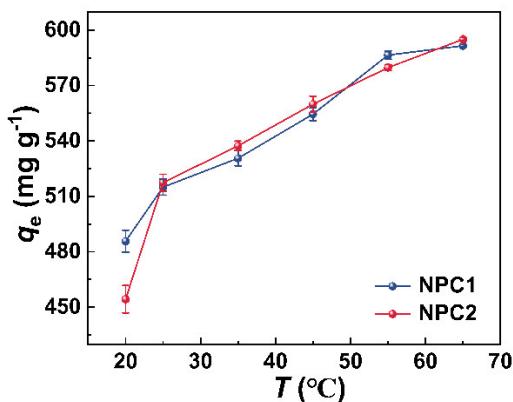
**Figure S1.** Effect of the preparation parameters of (a) MR (T: 500 °C, t: 1 h), (b) T (MR: 3:1, t: 1 h), (c) t (MR: 3:1, T: 500 °C (NPC1), 600 °C (NPC2)) of NPC1 and NPC2 towards MB adsorption ( $c_0$ : 500 mg L<sup>-1</sup>, pH=12, 1 h, 25 °C).



**Figure S2.** The relative elemental contents of NPC1 and NPC2 from XPS.



**Figure S3.** Zero charge point of of NPC1(a) and NPC2 (b).



**Figure S4.** Changes in  $q_e$  of NPC1 and NPC2 for MB with  $T$  ( $c_0$ : 600 mg L<sup>-1</sup>, pH: 12, 1 h).

**Table S1.** Comparison of specific surface area and total pore volume of NPC1, NPC2 and other carbon materials.

Carbon materials	S <sub>BET</sub> (m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	V <sub>T</sub> (m <sup>3</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	References
Groundnut shell activated carbon	412	0.322	[1]
Green solid waste N-self-doped porous carbon	632.76	0.35	[2]
Coconut shell magnetic activated carbon	747.71	0.42	[3]
Pomelo peel waste-derived porous carbon	939.4	0.62	[4]
Pineapple peel activated carbon	1160.07	0.544	[5]
Seaweed activated carbon	1238.491	/	[6]
Industrial alkali lignin N-doped porous carbon	1309	0.733	[7]
<i>Myristica fragrans</i> shell activated carbon	1462	0.873	[8]
<b>NPC1</b>	<b>1492.9</b>	<b>1.01</b>	<b>This work</b>
<b>NPC2</b>	<b>1712.7</b>	<b>0.85</b>	<b>This work</b>

**Table S2.** Comparison of surface N content of obtained of NPC1, NPC2 and other N-self-doped carbon materials.

N-self-doped carbon materials	N (at. %)	References
Lignin N, O-codoped porous carbon	1.07	[9]
N/S self-doping hierarchical porous carbon	1.24	[10]
<i>Platanus acerifolia</i> (Aiton) Willd. fruit-derived nitrogen-doped porous carbon	1.31	[11]
Garlic peels nitrogen self-doped porous carbon	1.77	[12]
Water hyacinth N-self-doped porous carbon	2.73	[13]
Honeycomb-like N/O self-doped hierarchical porous carbons derived from low-rank coal	2.9	[14]

N-self-doped porous carbon derived from animal-heart	3.03	[15]
Poplar catkin N-doped hierarchical porous carbon	3.16	[16]
Semi-coking wastewater derived N–O–S self-doped porous carbon	3.39	[17]
<b>NPC1</b>	<b>3.56</b>	<b>This work</b>
<b>NPC2</b>	<b>4.22</b>	<b>This work</b>

**Table S3.** Comparison of  $q_m$  of NPC1, NPC2 and other waste-based carbon materials.

Carbon materials	$q_m$ (mg g <sup>-1</sup> )	References
Eggshell membrane porous biochar adsorbent	110.38	[18]
Coconut shell magnetic activated carbon	156.25	[3]
Pineapple peel activated carbon	165.17	[5]
Seaweed activated carbon	243.839	[6]
<i>Myristica fragrans</i> shell activated carbon	346.85	[8]
Iron doped activated carbon derived from <i>Delonix regia</i> barks	357.142	[19]
Heavy bio-oil porous biochar	411	[20]
Cyanobacteria-plastic composite carbon	490	[21]
<b>NPC1</b>	<b>568.18</b>	<b>This work</b>
<b>NPC2</b>	<b>581.40</b>	<b>This work</b>

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